

**Realidades 2 : Capítulo 3a --- A ver si recuerdas...los quehaceros y la ciudad.**

	To straighten up	Arreglar	
	to straighten the room	arreglar el cuarto	
	to help	ayudar	
	*to sweep the floor	barrer el suelo	
	to cook	cocinar	
	to cut the lawn	cortar el césped	
	to give	dar	
	to feed the dog	dar de comer al perro	
	Money, allowance	el dinero	
	to make the bed	hacer la cama	
	To wash	lavar	
	to wash the car	lavar el carro/el coche	
	to wash the clothes	lavar la ropa	
	to wash the dishes	lavar los platos	
	Close to	Cerca de	
	far from	lejos de	
	To clean	limpiar	
	clean (adj)	limpio	
	chores	los quehaceres	
	to vacuum	pasar la aspiradora	
	To walk the dog	pasear el perro	
	*To iron	planchar	
	to set the table	poner la mesa	
	to dust (take off dust)	quitar el polvo	
	to receive	recibir	
	to take out trash	sacar la basura	
	To work in the garden	Trabajar en el jardín	
	Separate	Separar	
	Bottles	Las botellas	
	The cans	Las latas	
	The newspapers	Los periódicos	
	The cardboard	El cartón	
	The neighborhood	El barrio	
	The street	La calle	
	The movie theater	El cine	
	The community	La comunidad	
	The stadium	El estadio	
	The hospital	El hospital	
	The monument	El monumento	
	The museum	El museo	
	The theater	El teatro	

# 3B-¿Cómo se va...?

EUs:

- ★ Present progressive is the “-ING” form of a verb.
- ★ Some forms of verb, such as present progressives, are constructed with 2 parts (they are compound)
- ★ Commands are 2 forms for each person:
  - a positive command (tú: same as 3<sup>rd</sup> person present
  - a negative command (tú: saving that fun for later...)

EQs:

- ★ How can I use commands without being offensive.
- ★ When should I use Yo como VS Yo estoy comiendo?

## Present Progressive

### Form:

Estar + verb-ando  
verb-iendo

### Irregulars:

IR Stem changers

An “e” changes to “i”

An “o” changes to “u”

triple vowel “i” changes to “y”

Traer \_\_\_\_\_

Leer \_\_\_\_\_

Creer \_\_\_\_\_

### Meaning:

“in progress” NOW

The difference between present/progressive is \_\_\_\_\_

## Direct Object

### Pronouns

- Function: they point out the noun receiving the action of the verb
- 1<sup>st</sup> /2<sup>nd</sup> person:
  - Me nos
  - Te os

## Vocabulary Support

- driving
- driving advice
- ask & give directions
- road markers
- police and tickets

### Expected Vocabulary

- Prepositions
- Transportation
- Yo Go verbs

## Affirmative Tú

### commands

- Regular: use the 3<sup>rd</sup> person singular
- Irregular: Yo Go based verbs: drop GO  
Odd stuff: VER/SER
- Put: \_\_\_\_\_ be : \_\_\_\_\_
- say: \_\_\_\_\_ go : \_\_\_\_\_
- come: \_\_\_\_\_ do : \_\_\_\_\_
- leave: \_\_\_\_\_ be: \_\_\_\_\_
- have: \_\_\_\_\_