

Subject pronouns: English/*Spanish*

Definition: the do-er of the verb

SINGLE

PLURAL

I / yo	We / Nosotros
You / tú / Ud	You / Vosotros / Uds
He / She / él / ella it	They / ellos / ellas

Direct Object pronouns: English/*Spanish*

Definition: Receives the action of the verb

SINGLE

PLURAL

me / me	us / nos
you / te	you / os
him / her / lo / la it	them / los / las

Indirect Object pronouns: English/*Spanish*

Definition: for whom or to whom the action of the verb is done

SINGLE

PLURAL

(to/for) me / me	(to/for) us / nos
(to/for) you / te	(to/for) you / os
(to/for) him / (to/for) her / (to/for) it	(to/for) them / les

Can you find the DO (direct object) ---circle it

And the IO (indirect object)—underline it

- DO= receives the action of the verb
- IO = to whom or for whom the verb was done. (who benefited)

1. Peter told her the story DO
2. The dog shared his bone with the cat DO IO
3. The chocolate was eaten by Profe O DO IO
4. I bought some clothes for myself DO IO
5. He offered her some candies. IO DO
6. He was not permitted to go. IO - he did NOT get benefit
7. Dad always told us the truth. IO DO
8. They gave us some money to buy it. IO DO
9. She bought me a teddy bear.
10. I asked mom for a doll. (tricksie) the verb is "Asked for" Not "asked" IO DO

English sometimes splits a compound verb this way

A direct object receives action

An indirect object benefits from action